

FORRESTER & LEGER
PRICE, UTAH
General Engineering
and Geology.

Coal Mine Development
Exploration Engineers
Farm Surveys
Water Measurements
Land Maps
Bridge and Highway Construction
Contracting Builders
Coal Analyses
Mineral Deposits Examined
Operation Efficiency
General Consulting

Second Floor Silvagni Bldg.



Soles Sewed by MODERN MACHINERY
RUBBER HEELS TO FIT ALL SHOES

Get your harness washed and dipped in a vat of pure oil—the only correct way to oil harness. We repair auto curtains.

Grimes' Shoe and Harness Shop
Corner Basement, Vigilante Block, Price, Utah.

Utah Fuel Co.
Miners and Shippers of
Carbon County Coals



Also Manufacturers of Coke

Carbon County Coals are the Best

In the market for Horses, Mules for Miso, Hay and Grain, Mine Props, Tools, Sprays and Various Other Loyal Products.

Home Industries Patronized

General Offices Seventh Floor
Judge Building, Salt Lake City. Mines at Clear Creek, Winter Quarters, Castle Gate, Utah Mine and Sunnyside, Carbon County, Utah.

ELITE BAR

SEVEN YEAR OLD CEDAR BROOK WHISKEY.

Add everything the highest grade in the Liquor and Cigar Line.

CHARLES AVERILL
PRICE, UTAH

Walter Christensen
TRANSFER
and DRAY.

Give us your work and it will receive prompt attention. No job too large or too small for us to handle. Right & Given Our Special Attention. Phone 98y2

The Utah Saloon

J. W. Gentry, Manager.

Finest Resort in Eastern Utah

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
VAL BLANT BEER ON TAP
SOUTH NINTH STREET.
PRICE, UTAH

Phone 74-A.
We Deliver the Goods.

**COLORADO COAL
MEN VISIT HERE**

CARBON COUNTY METHODS RELATED TO THEM

Once Back Home the Centennial State's Biggest Proprietors Are to Adopt Machines For Cutting Black Diamonds That Are Now in Use At Clear Creek and Castle Gate Mines.

H. J. Matteson, assistant general manager of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company with offices at Denver, Colo., and George S. Thompson, chief electrician for the company, recently visited the Clear Creek and Castle Gate properties of Utah Fuel company to see for themselves the practical workings of the new cutting machines in use locally with the idea of adopting one or the other in the mines of the Colorado company. At Clear Creek Utah Fuel company is using the Jeffreys and at Castle Gate the Goodman straight face excavators that take from five to seven and a half feet of coal above the flooring. The visitors were well pleased with what they saw under the chaperonage of J. B. Thompson, general superintendent, and stated while here that the Colorado Fuel and Iron company would begin at once the use of one or the other of these machines. They complimented Utah Fuel company management on the modern methods of mining and frankly stated that the Utah camps which they visited are in many respects ahead of the Colorado ones.

Assistant General Manager Matteson, as well as Chief Electrician Thompson, are most optimistic over the Rockefeller plan recently inaugurated in the camps of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, and believe it will ultimately work out to the good of all. Prohibition has made things around the Colorado camps better. The former saloon buildings are turned into club houses, pool halls and the like and in some instances Young Men's Christian associations occupy the former "gin mill" buildings. Company houses are being tenanted, bathrooms put in all of them occupied by employees, and generally better conditions inaugurated as fast as the work can be done. Before prohibition in Colorado, trouble was had in working the mines at many camps because of the Saturday and Sunday drunks. Now all this is done away with and the men and their families are wearing better clothes and consuming more and better victuals.

About the only thing the working man and the operators have to fear is the control of delegates from the unions by reason of the professional agitator, who is never entirely satisfied with endeavors for betterment, but would try to run things along lines not always sanctioned by the miners and in which the latter in most cases has very little to say. The real test of the Rockefeller plan will not come until January, 1918, when a new contract between the miners and the operators is to be drawn.

SMALL MINING CAMPS SHOW LARGE TONNAGE

Superintendent Tom Eysk, Assistant Superintendent Durkin and Chief Dispatcher O'Laughlin of the Denver and Rio Grande at Helper recently put in a couple of days supervising an "output" test at the mines at Stairs and Standardville.

The Denver and Rio Grande appropriations cars to the different camps according to the number of tons of coal taken out per day, and the test was to determine the number of cars per day to which each was entitled.

The test at Stairs showed a tonnage of sixteen hundred and twenty-four tons Monday, and fourteen hundred and nineteen tons Tuesday, while Standardville's output was seventeen hundred and thirteen tons Monday and sixteen hundred and forty-two tons on Tuesday of last week.

Tunnel Work At Mohrland.

The two prospect tunnels started at Mohrland last fall and the work on which is being done by contract with H. Bird of Salt Lake City is going along well and each of the holes is into the hill about fifteen hundred feet. The tunnels are eight to twelve feet and where they will stop depends entirely upon what is encountered as the work progresses. The contractor is working about forty-five men on the job, half of whom are Austrians and the remainder Americans, principally recruited from the metal mines of the state. Bird was here Sunday en route to his home at Zion for a few days. He expects to increase the force shortly, probably in the next week or so. The Mohrland mine is one of four of the United States Fuel company and has had a steady output all winter. When the mine is idle it is on account of a shortage of railroad cars. Orders are booked ahead for "King Coal."

Rates Held Discriminatory.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 8.—Rates of the Colorado and Southern and other roads on coal from South Canyon, Colo., to Wyoming, South Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas have been found unjustly discriminatory by the Interstate Commerce Commission to far as they exceed rates from Walcott, Colo., to the same points by more than twenty-five cents per net ton.

MEANS MILLIONS TO THE COAL MINERS OF THE EAST

NEW YORK, March 10.—The soft coal agreement, which will add from \$15,000,000 to \$25,000,000 to the incomes of the mine workers of Western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, was signed here yesterday, subject to a referendum vote of all the bituminous miners in the United States. Without any formalities, John P. White, president of the miners' union, signed the agreement before entering the conference at which Advt.



A HIKER'S PRIDE.

Black and white checked suitting is cleverly tailored to produce this jaunty costume with a bobbed jacket and rather full, plain skirt. The coat's fullness has been ended in an interesting guess that buttons down onto the front. The high collar, the vestee and pointed cuffs give an attractive color note in an illuminated embroidery, which is repeated on the band of the modified tam so smart with its winged brush atop. For young ladies this suit will give the best of satisfaction both for style and durability.

drafting an anthracite wage scale will be begun.

The soft coal agreement, in addition to all the increases announced yesterday for producing coal on the railroads in the four states involved, provides that the black coal districts of Indiana shall continue upon the present screen coal basis and the pick mining rate in the black coal districts shall be advanced five cents a ton and machine mining four cents a ton.

Thousands of Acres Withdrawn.

Approximately thirty-two thousand acres of the public domain in Summit county and in Northern Utah county have been withdrawn from entry by executive order of President Wilson, as set forth in a communication received recently by H. Stanley Hinrichs, chief of the Salt Lake City field division of the United States land office. It is explained that the lands withdrawn until such time as they may be classified with reference to coal deposits by experts of the United States geological survey.

The lands withdrawn begin at Coalville and extend directly westward to a point south of Elizabeth Mountain in Summit county. Then they continue directly west from Elizabeth Mountain to Manila in Uintah county. Designation of the lands withdrawn are Township 1 North, Range 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 11 East and Township 2 North, Ranges 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 19 East.

SUPREME COURT RESTORES CASE AGAINST MITCHELL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 10.—The supreme court today restored to its docket for reargument the case of the Pittman Coal and Coke company against John Mitchell, Secretary Wilson and others, involving the question of whether the United Mine Workers is organized in contravention of the Sherman anti-trust law.

An appeal from the United States circuit court in favor of the union was dismissed for want of jurisdiction, but the supreme court retained jurisdiction of the case by granting a writ of certiorari because of the importance of the question.

Cameron Working Steadily.

General Superintendent Bell of the Cameron Coal company, above Castle Gate, was down from there last Monday evening. To a Sun representative he stated that his company is working around a hundred miners at this time and that the output of coal is above five hundred tons daily. Six days a week and sometimes seven are gotten in by the miners. The company has orders ahead for coal, which is no more than six weeks off, and keep things going well into April. Mrs. Bell accompanied her husband to Price and both returned to camp Tuesday forenoon.

THE COURT OF LAST RESORT.

Around the stove of the crossroads grocery is the real court of last resort, for it finally overrules all others. Chamberlain's "Cough Remedy" has been brought before this court in almost every crossroads grocery in this country where man expects to receive full value for his money, and has always received a favorable verdict. It is in the country where man expects to receive full value for his money that this remedy is most appreciated. Obtainable everywhere.—Advt.

Legal Blanks of Every Description and Legal Blank Backings. The Sun—Advt.

We are showing an unusually pretty line of "Grace Hats" and other

Spring Millinery!

We'll guarantee you'll be pleased with a "Grace Hat" and that your friends will be proud of your dressy appearance.

We carry at all times a complete line of Royal Society goods.

We Do a Strictly Cash Business—No Accounts Charged.



Bessie Kennedy, Millinery, Inc.

QUARANTINE OF DOGS PROPOSED

PURPOSE OF PRECAUTION IS TO PREVENT RABIES.

Objection Made to Permitting Dogs Entering Utah From the State of Nevada—Sheepmen Generally Approve of the Plan Outlined By Government Officials.

When sheep begin returning to the Utah ranges from the Nevada deserts soon they may not be accompanied by dogs if suggestions made by C. H. Stewart, secretary of the Utah Woolgrowers' association, can be put into effect. Stewart believes that sentiment in favor of the faithful shepherd dog should be brushed aside and that all dogs that have followed Utah sheep on the Nevada deserts should not be permitted to cross the Utah line, but should be impounded somewhere in Nevada.

This says Stewart, should be considered a necessity for immediate action to prevent the spread of rabies from Nevada to Utah. He says that owners of dogs so impounded should be required to feed them and pay for their care until such time as it may be determined whether they have been infected with rabies.

Formulating Ways and Means.

Stewart has conferred with Dr. T. B. Beatty, secretary of the state board of health, in reference to his plan. Dr. Beatty is formulating ways and means for impounding the dogs. Sheepmen who have wintered their flocks on the Nevada deserts are reported to be favorable to the plan and also to have offered to assist in the dog quarantine measure.

Dr. Beatty is in receipt of word from Dr. McQuiston that the latter had examined a portion of the spinal cord of the cow and had found positive evidence of rabies. Three other cows owned by the same man died just after the first one was killed, and these three animals showed the same symptoms at the one that bit the man.

In the event that Dr. McQuiston's diagnosis is correct, the case of the Cache county cow is the first case of rabies to have been found in Utah.

Smoke Elk Pride Cigar. Tel. 151.

Smoke Elk Pride Cigar. Tel. 151.

Health officers in Utah will attend. Precautions about safeguarding against rabies and for prompt reporting to the state board of any cases where human beings are bitten by animals, together with arrangements for sending the brains of the suspected animals to Salt Lake City for examination, will be impressed upon the local officers. The state board has received word from Richmond that the two men bitten by a sick cow there had returned to their homes in Idaho.

They propose taking the Pasteur treatment for rabies when they get there. Dr. D. H. McQuiston, a veterinarian, having examined the spine of the offending bovine, claiming to have discovered evidence of rabies. The head of the cow was examined by Dr. D. L. Dutcher, state bacteriologist, who found no traces.

Grace Signs of Rabies.

The cow which bit two men recently and was believed to have been afflicted with rabies, but upon examination of the head by the department of bacteriology was declared to be free from rabid infection, is now declared to have suffered from rabies. Dr. McQuiston, a veterinarian surgeon at Richmond, who diagnosed the case as rabies.

The cow was owned by a farmer in Cache county, and the two men bitten were residents of Idaho. They left for home after being bitten and on recommendation of Dr. T. B. Beatty took the Pasteur treatment provided by the Idaho university. The recommendation was made as a precaution regardless of whether the animal developed rabid symptoms or not.

Dr. Beatty is in receipt of word from Dr. McQuiston that the latter had examined a portion of the spinal cord of the cow and had found positive evidence of rabies. Three other cows owned by the same man died just after the first one was killed, and these three animals showed the same symptoms at the one that bit the man.

In the event that Dr. McQuiston's diagnosis is correct, the case of the Cache county cow is the first case of rabies to have been found in Utah.

Smoke Elk Pride Cigar. Tel. 151.

Smoke Elk Pride Cigar. Tel. 151.

PROBATE AND GUARDIANSHIP NOTICES.

(Consult county clerk of the respective counties for further information.)

NOTICE TO CREDITOR.—ESTATE of Karen Frandsen, Deceased. Creditors will present claims, with evidence, to the undersigned at his residence in Price, Carbon county, Utah, on or before the 10th day of January, 1918. GEORGE G. FRANDSEN, administrator of the Estate of Karen Frandsen, Deceased.

Date of first publication March 1, 1918. Date of last publication April 7, 1918.

NOTICE TO WATER USERS.

State Engineer's Office, Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 17, 1918. Notice hereby given that D. O. Tamm, whose postoffice address is Redwood, Utah, has made application in accordance with the requirements of the Compiled Laws of Utah, as amended by the Session Laws of Utah, 1892, 1911 and 1912, to appropriate one (1) cubic foot of water per second from an unclaimed spring in Trail Canyon, Carbon county, Utah. Said spring lies at a point which lies 2330 feet north and 30 feet east of the southwest corner of the southwest quarter of Sec. 2, Twp. 12, South, Range 8, East, Salt Lake base and meridian. The water will be diverted by means of a ditch for a distance of 13,408 feet and thereon from March 1st to October 1st in each year, to irrigate 40 acres of land embraced in the northwest quarter of Sec. 2, Twp. 14 South, Range 8, East, Salt Lake base and meridian. This application is filed in the state engineer's office at No. 4166. All protests against granting of said application, state the reasons therefor, must be made by affidavit in duplicate, accompanied by a fee of \$2.50, and filed in office within thirty (30) days after the completion of the publication of this notice.

Date of first publication Feb. 20, 1918, date of completion of publication March 27, 1918.

The Right Idea In Business

The modern merchant filled with the modern spirit carries his business to his customers' homes—that is, he doesn't wait to be found out or risk the danger of not being found out.

The best carrier of business to customers' homes is the newspaper. The Sun can carry every business to the homes of Carbon county with ease and without confusion—the business of grocers, dry goods men, hardware dealers, clothiers, stationers, shoe houses, druggists, jewelers, furniture dealers, fruiterers, butchers, grain and feed stores and every other class of business.

To the Merchants of Price

Get your business into the home and you'll sell goods there. The Sun can carry your business into more homes than you are now serving. Ask us about the cost of advertising.

Buy From Advertisers